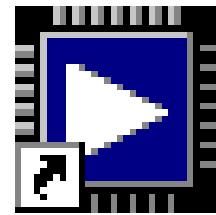


DSP

Assemblerprogrammierung

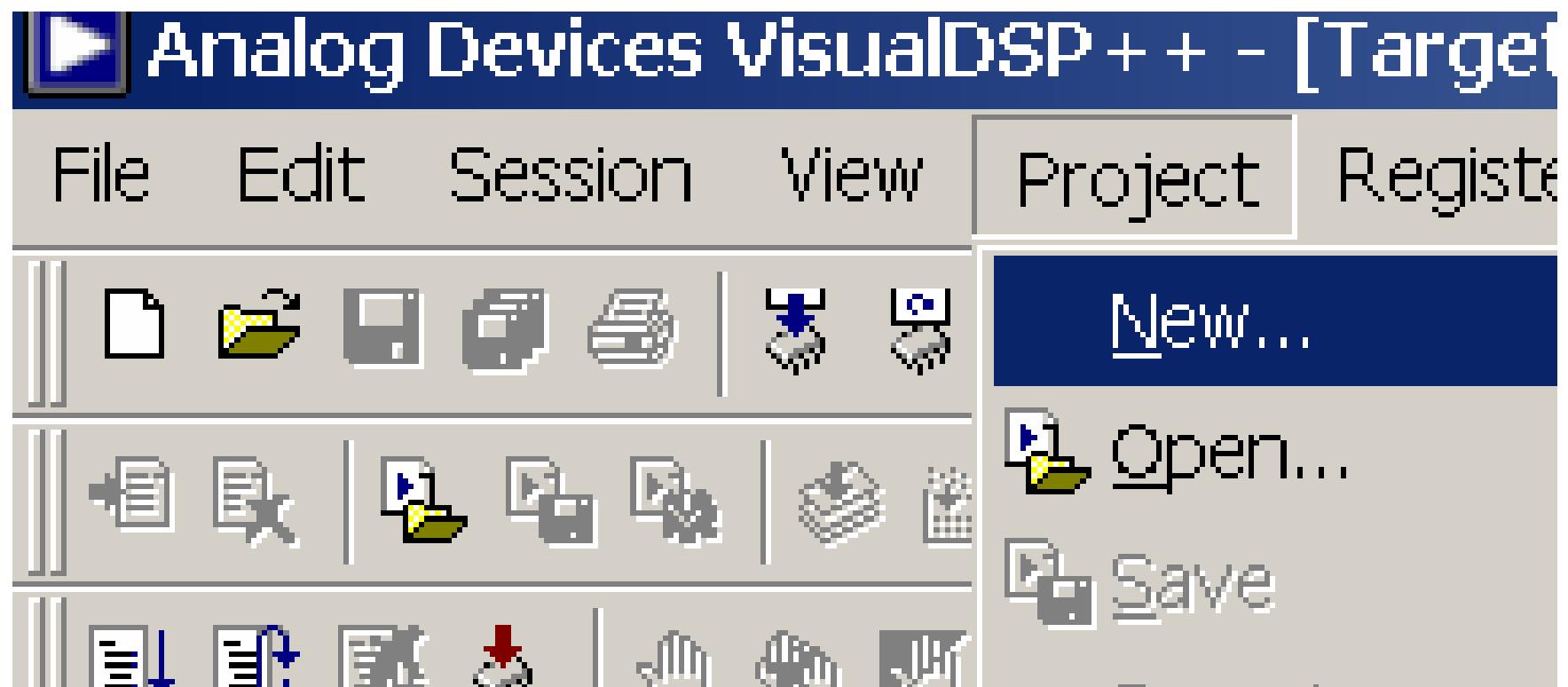
Entwicklungsablauf

Integrierte Entwicklungsumgebung starten

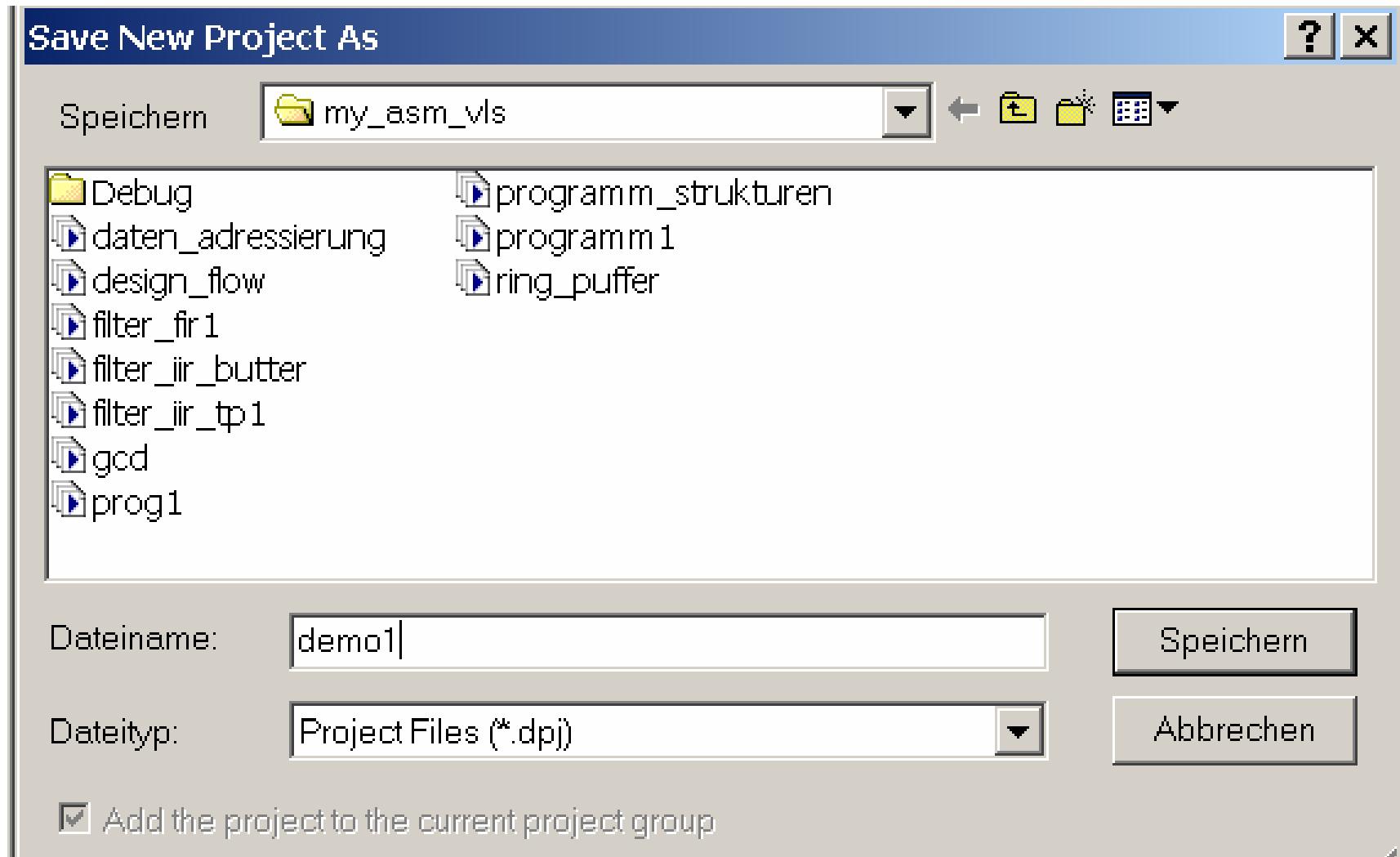


VisualDSP++ Environment.lnk

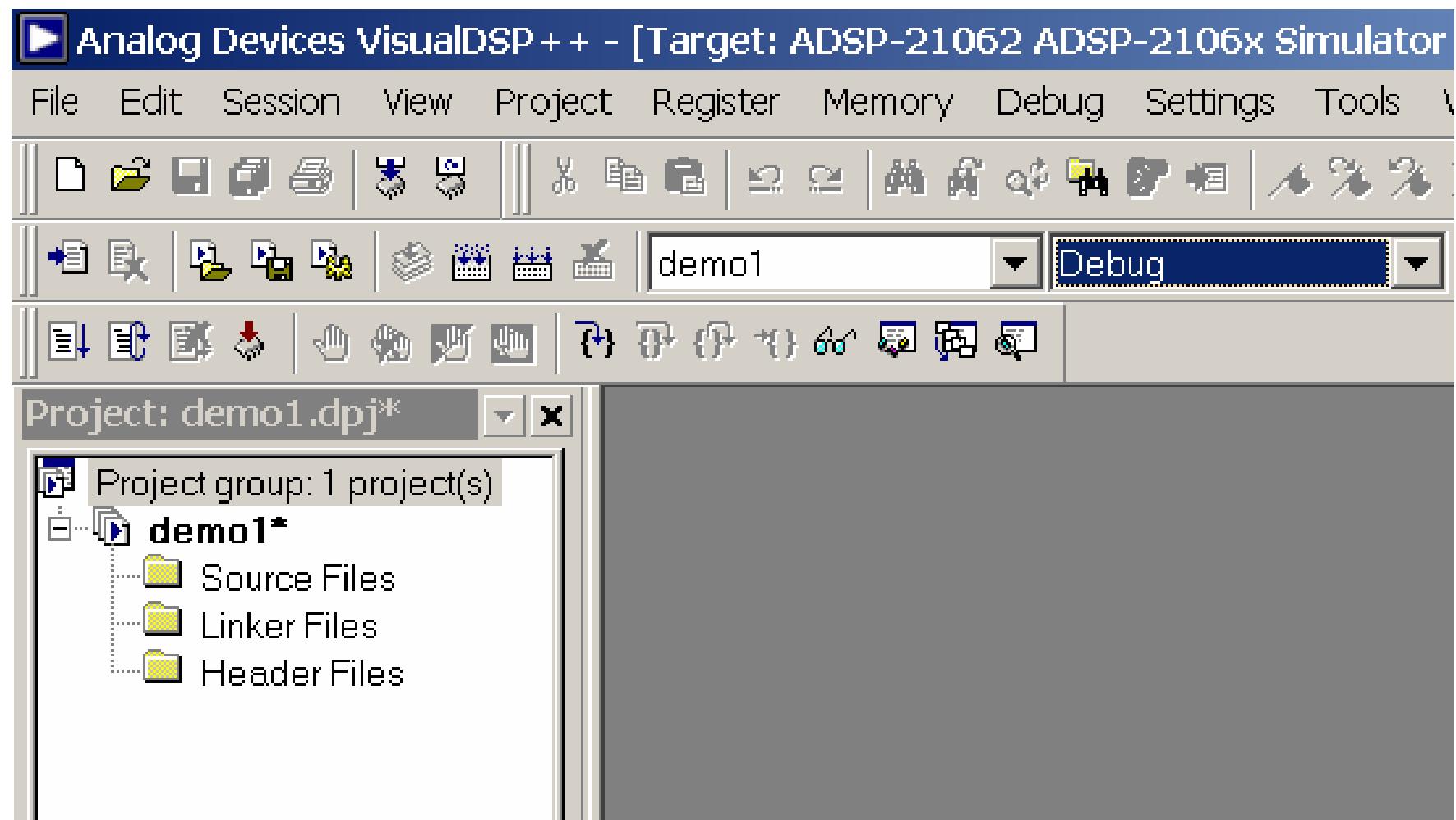
Neues Projekt erstellen



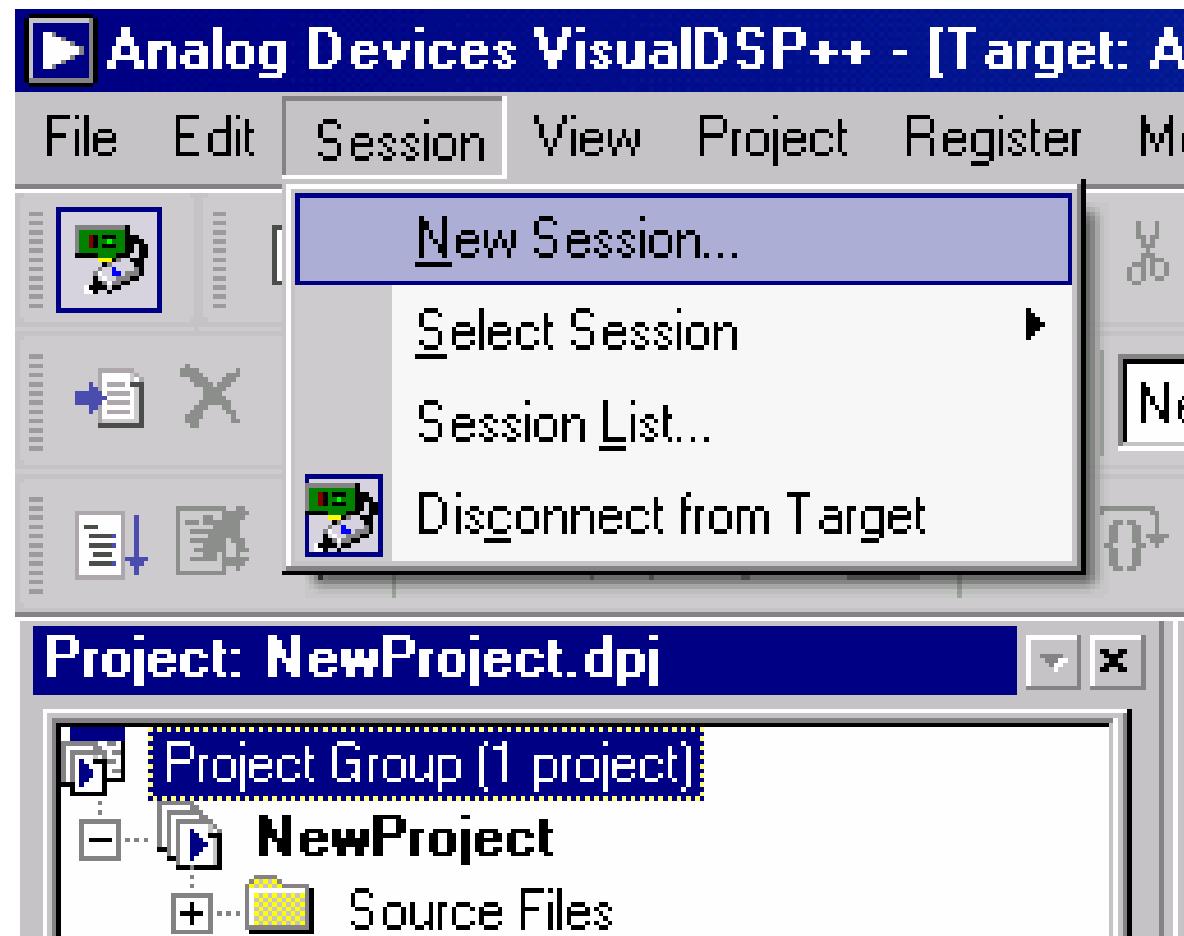
Neues Projekt erstellen



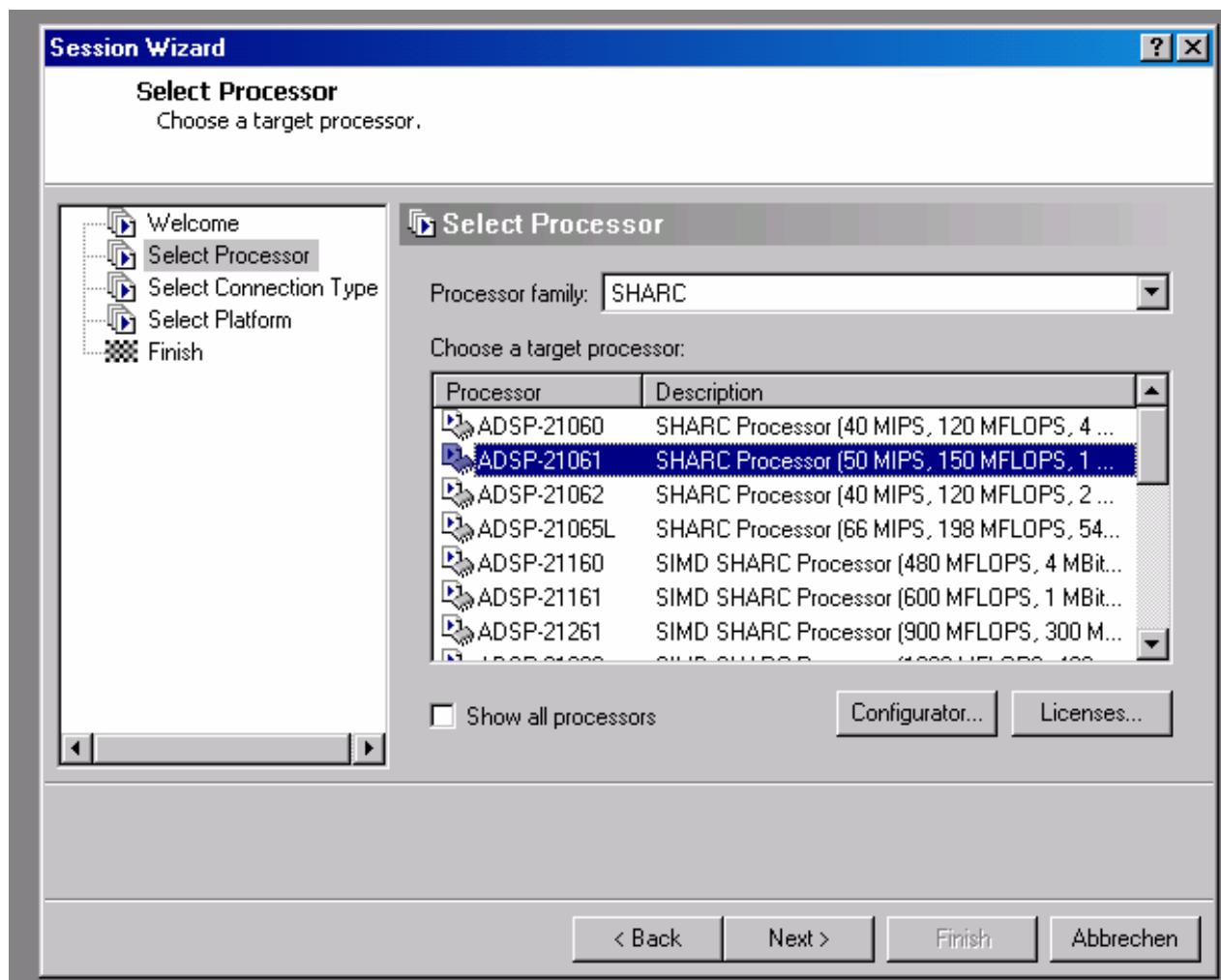
Neues Projekt erstellen



Session auswählen oder definieren

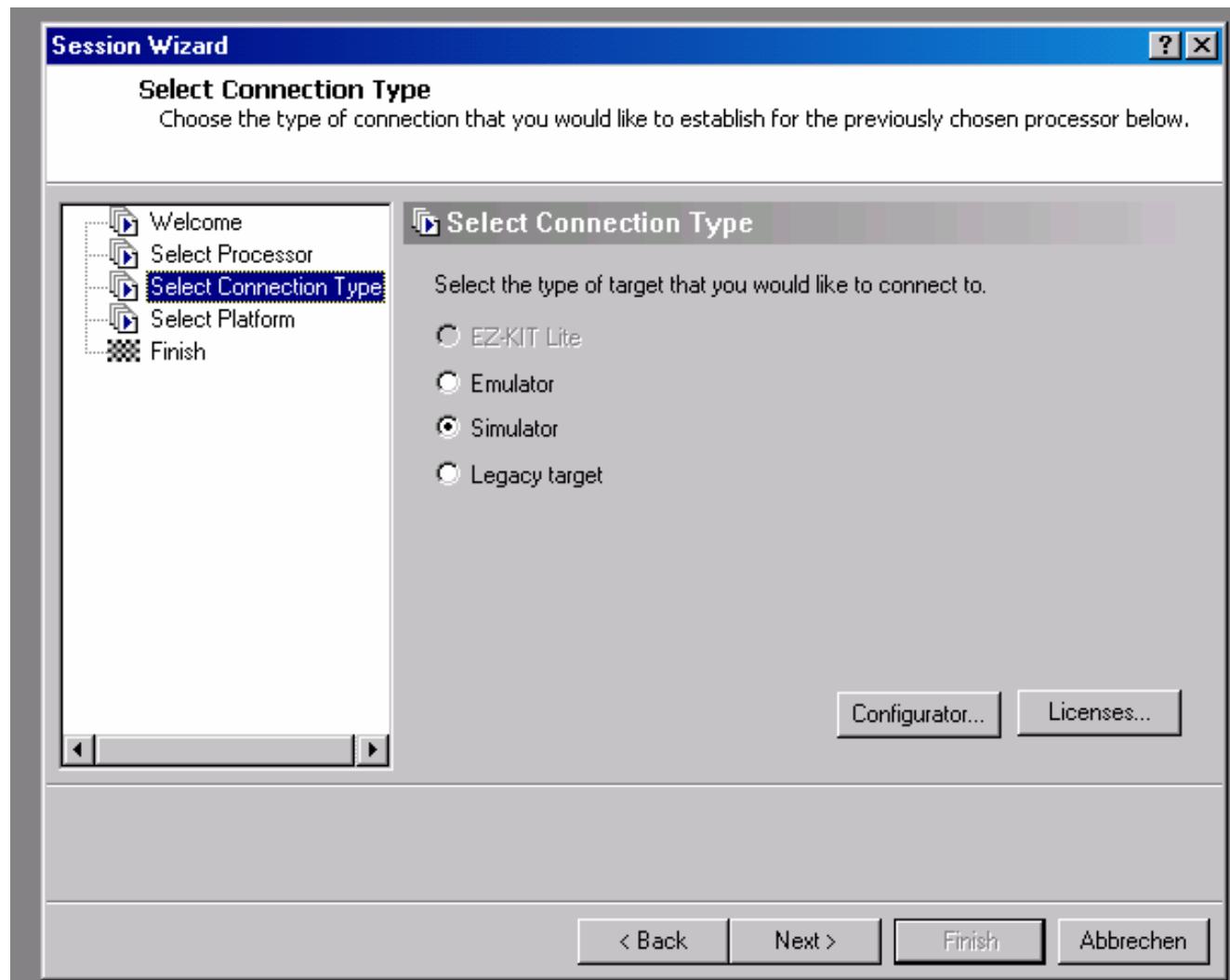


Session definieren

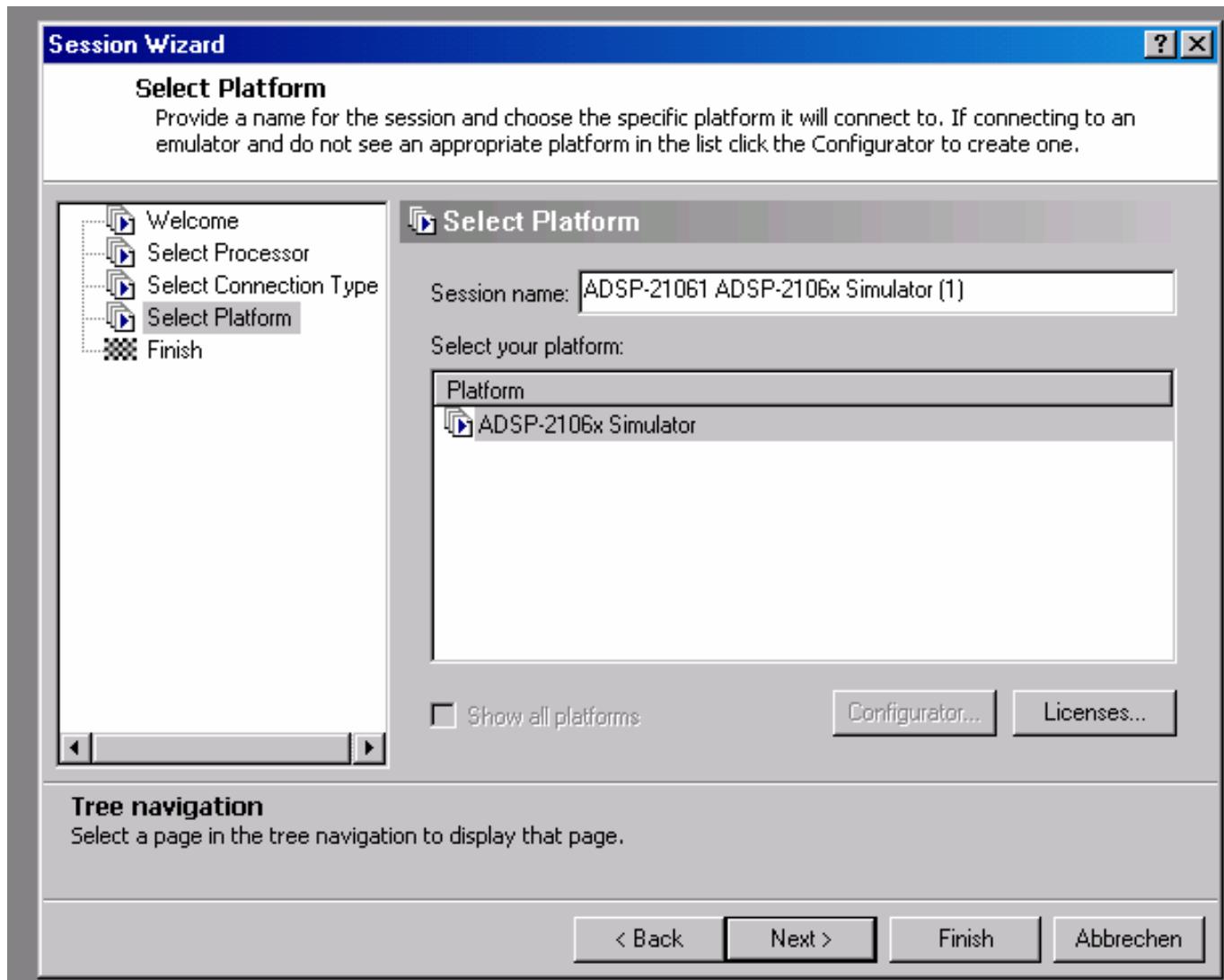


Session definieren

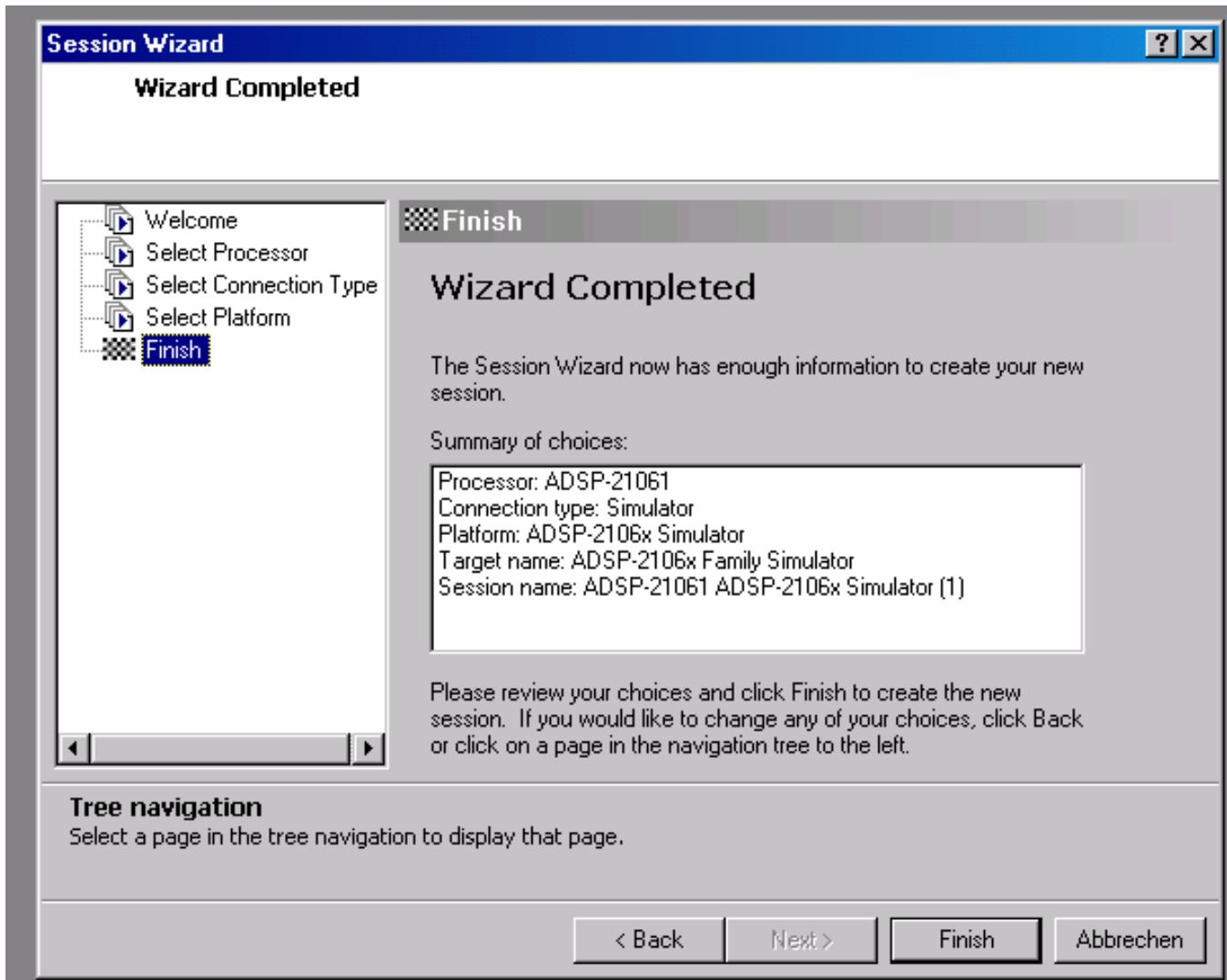
Simulator wählen



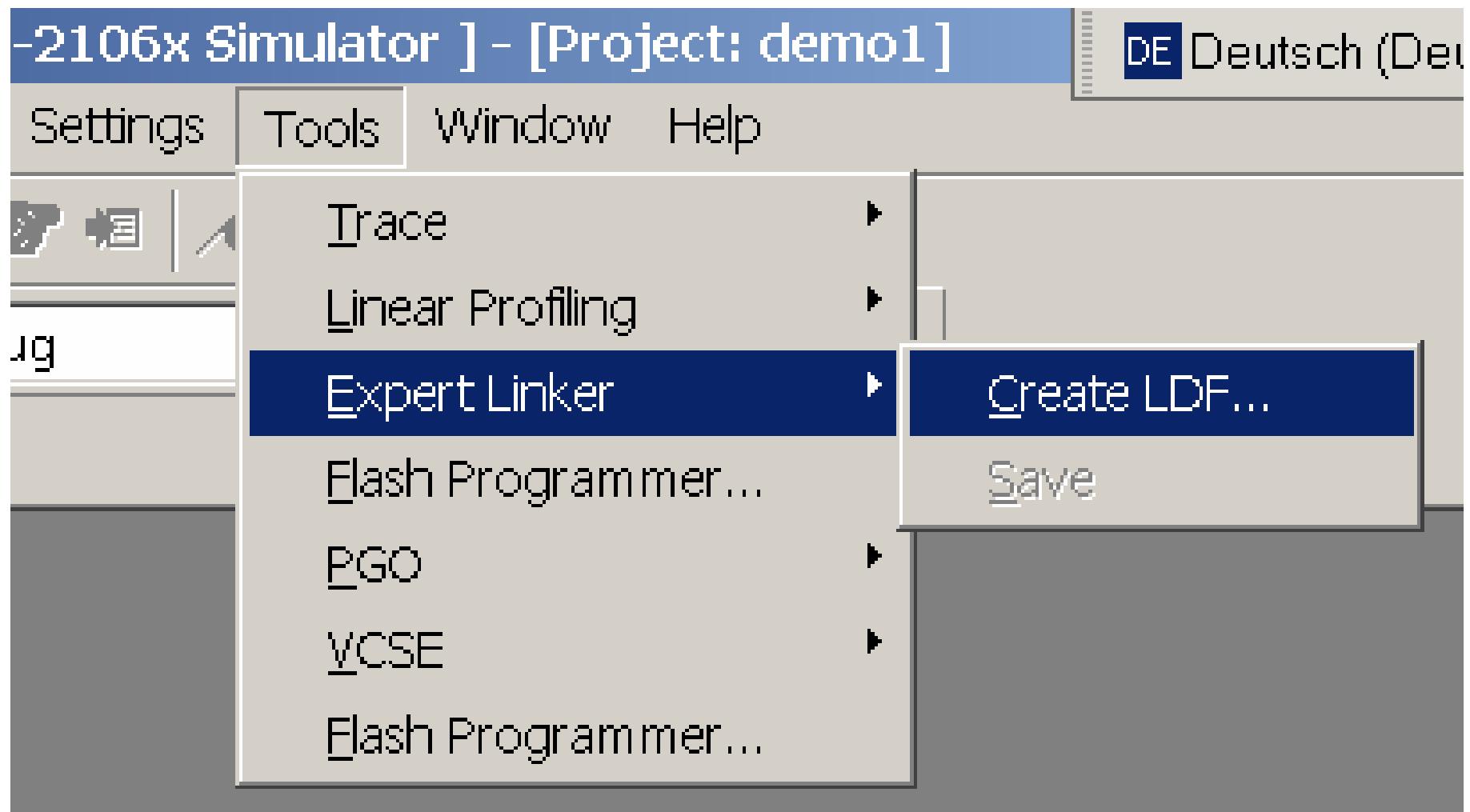
Session definieren



Session definieren- Ergebnis

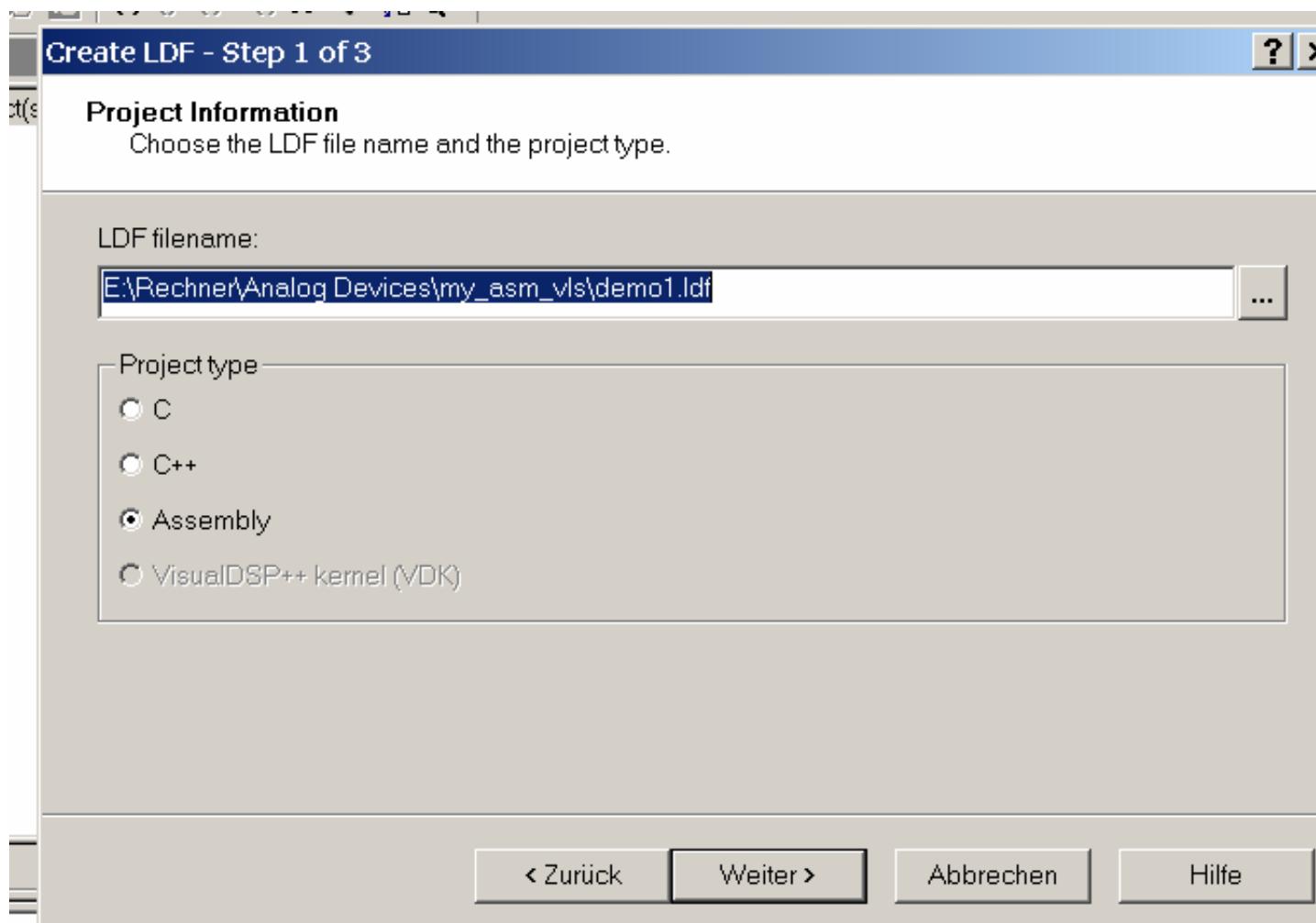


Link-File erstellen

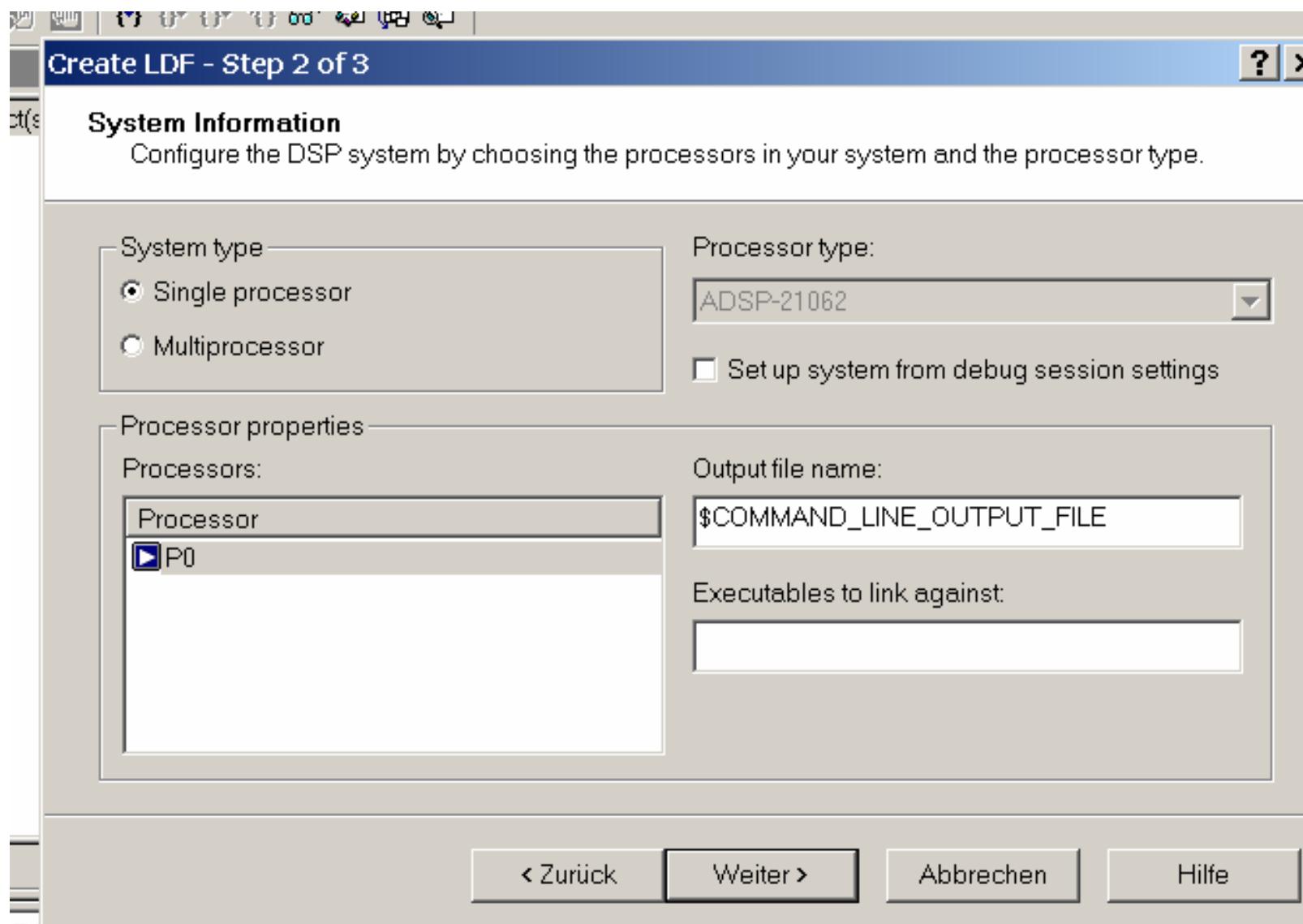


Link-File erstellen

Assembly wählen

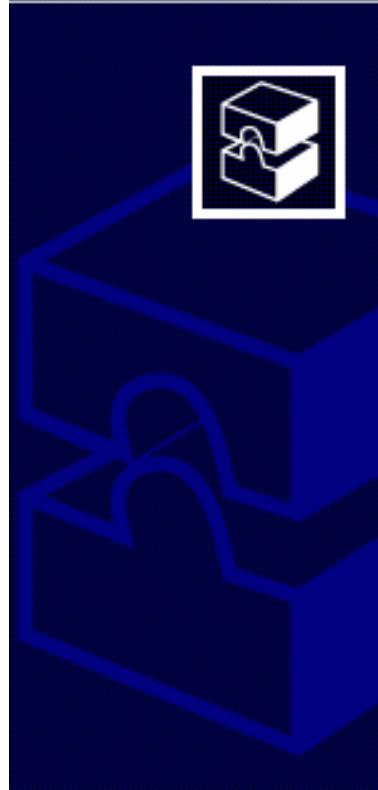


Link-File erstellen



Link-File erstellen

Create LDF - Step 3 of 3



Wizard Completed

The Create LDF Wizard now has enough information to create your LDF file.

Summary of choices:

```
LDF file name: E:\Rechner\Analog Devices\my_asm_vls\demo1.  
Project type: Assembly  
System type: Single processor  
Processor type: ADSP-21062  
Processors:  
    P0  
Output file name: $COMMAND_LINE_OUTPUT_FILE
```



Click Finish to close this wizard, create the new LDF file, and view the LDF file with Expert Linker.

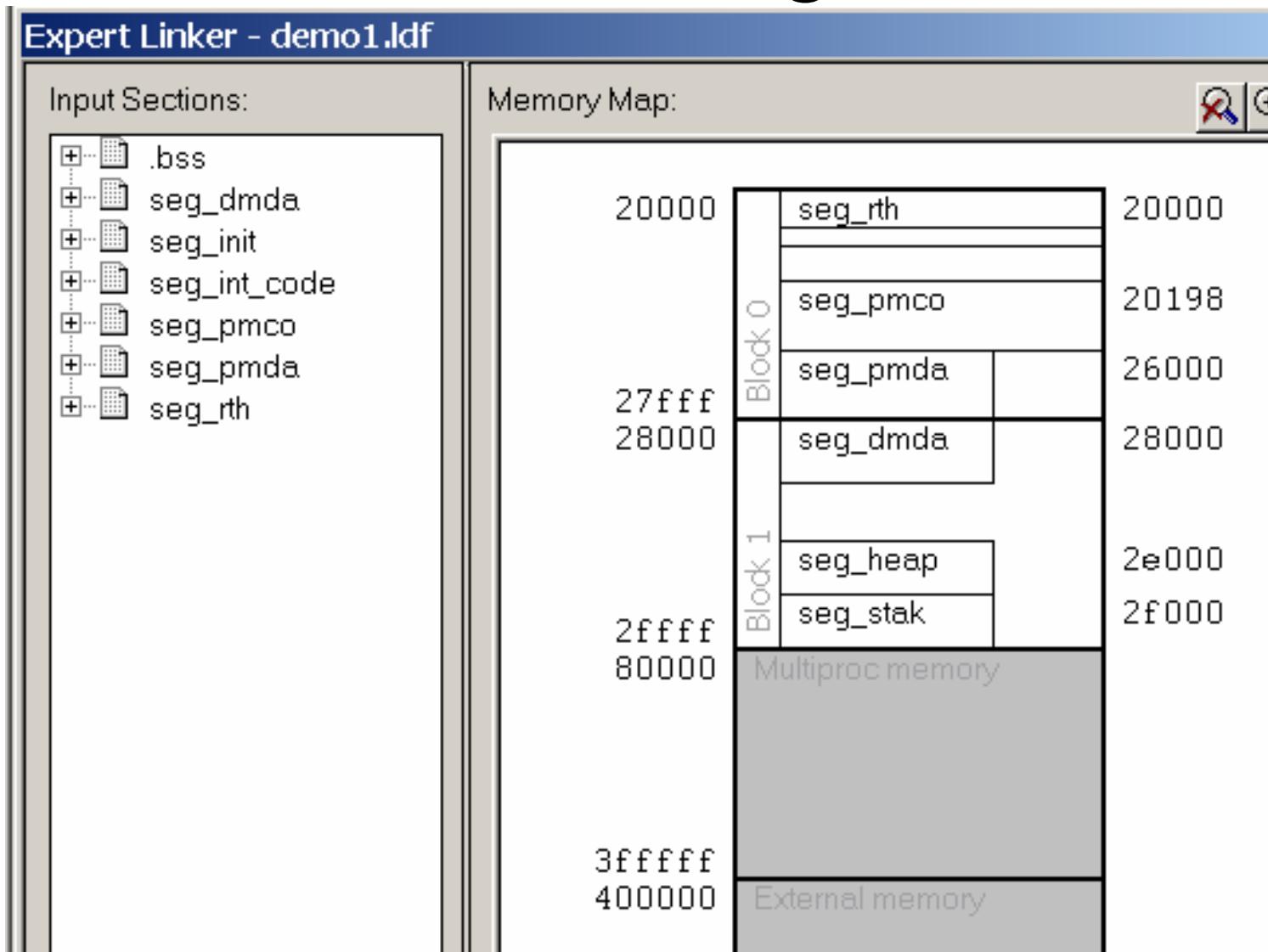
< Zurück

Fertig stellen

Abbrechen

Hilfe

Link-File Ergebnis

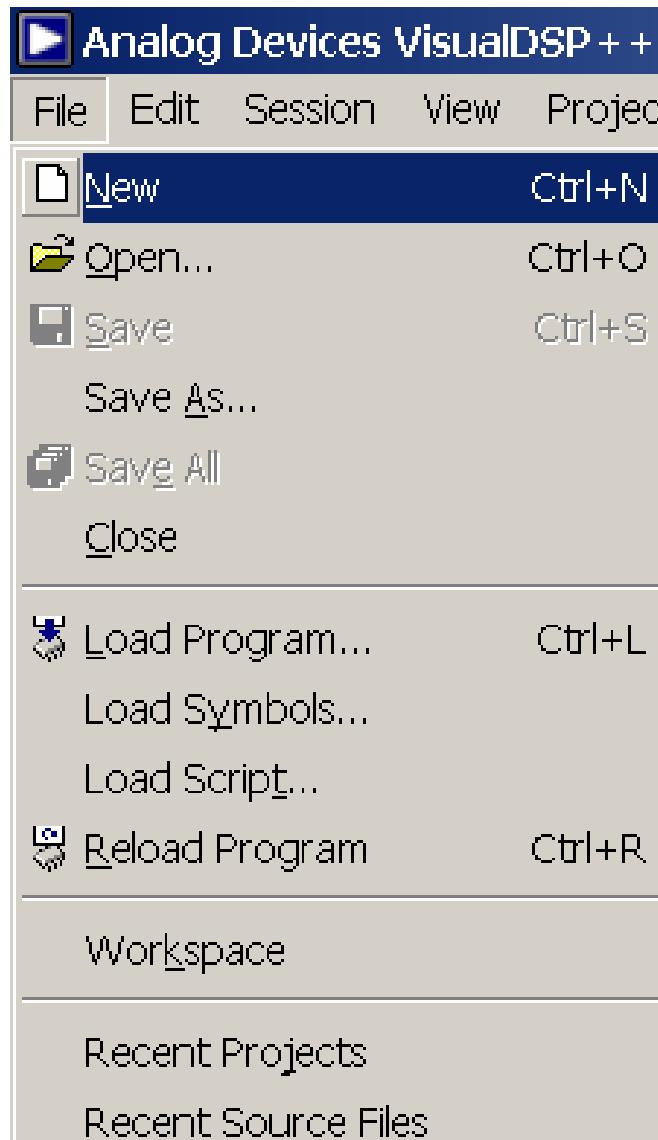


Link-File Architekturbeschreibung

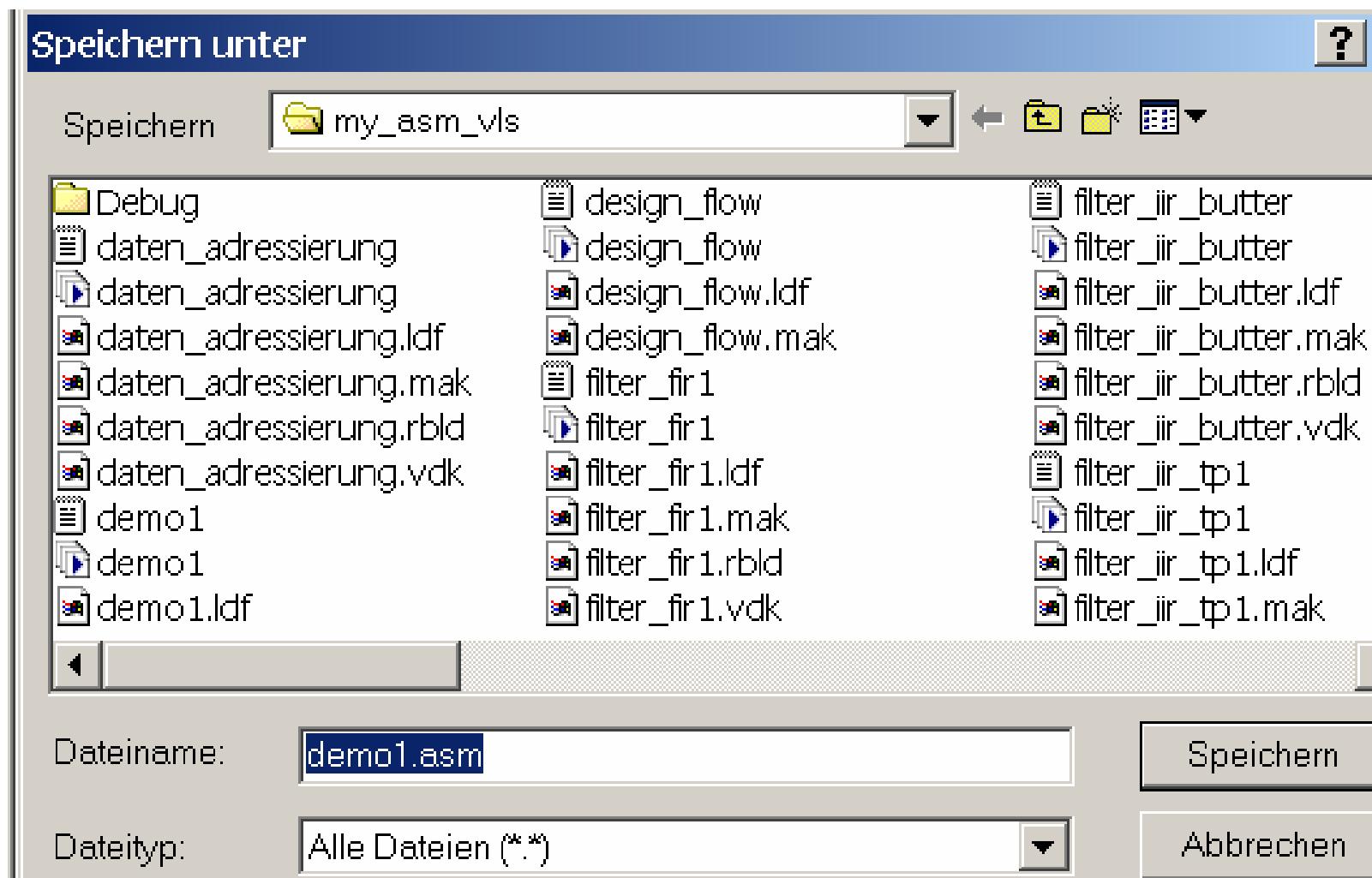
MEMORY

```
{  
    seg_rth { TYPE(PM RAM) START(0x00020000) END(0x000200ff) WIDTH(48) }  
    seg_init { TYPE(PM RAM) START(0x00020100) END(0x0002010f) WIDTH(48) }  
    seg_int_code { TYPE(PM RAM) START(0x00020110) END(0x00020197)  
        WIDTH(48) }  
    seg_pmco { TYPE(PM RAM) START(0x00020198) END(0x00023fff) WIDTH(48) }  
    seg_pmda { TYPE(PM RAM) START(0x00026000) END(0x00027fff) WIDTH(32) }  
  
    seg_dmda { TYPE(DM RAM) START(0x00028000) END(0x0002bfff) WIDTH(32)  
    }  
    seg_heap { TYPE(DM RAM) START(0x0002e000) END(0x0002efff) WIDTH(32) }  
    seg_stak { TYPE(DM RAM) START(0x0002f000) END(0x0002ffff) WIDTH(32) }  
}
```

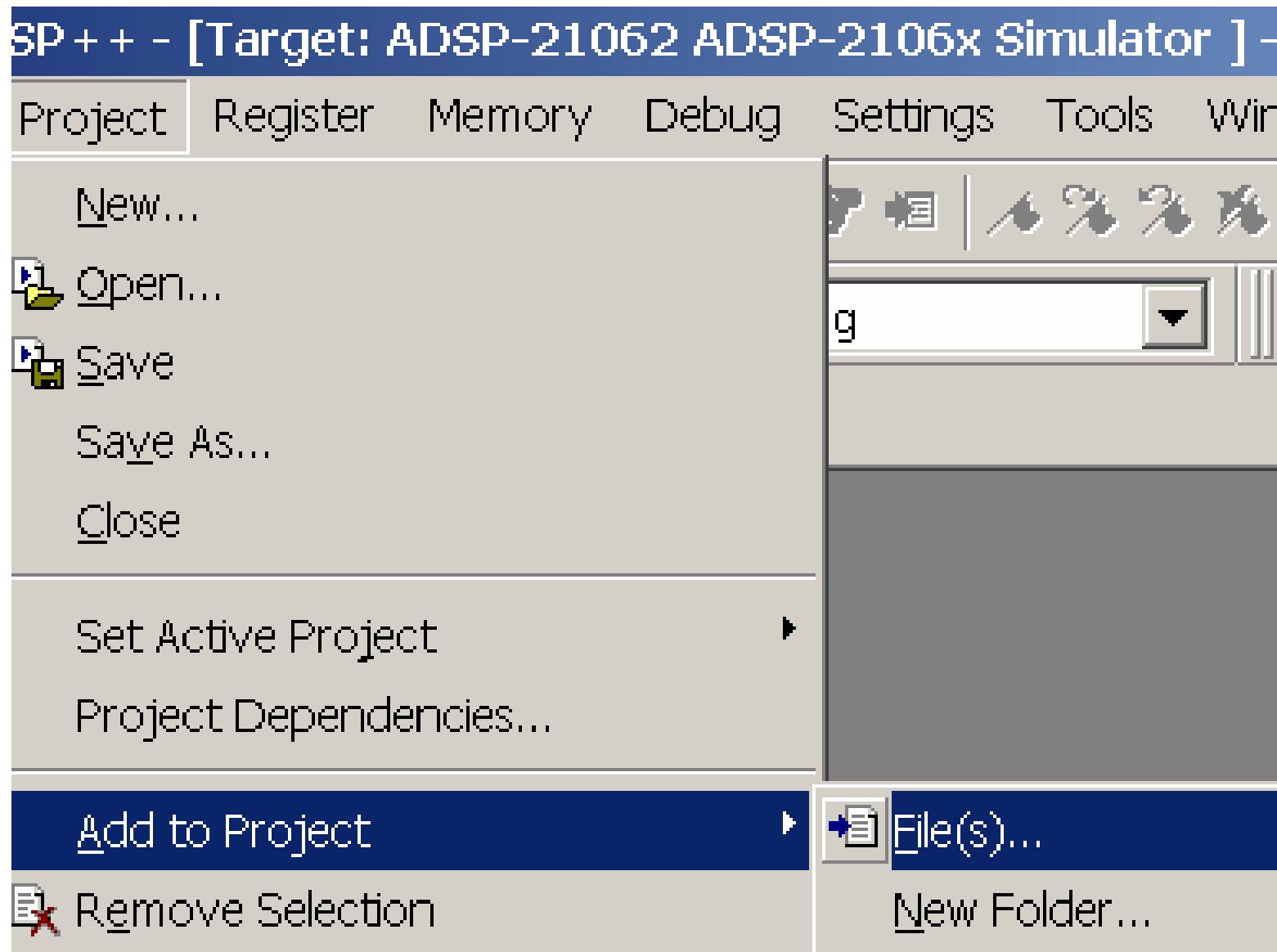
Assemblerfile erzeugen



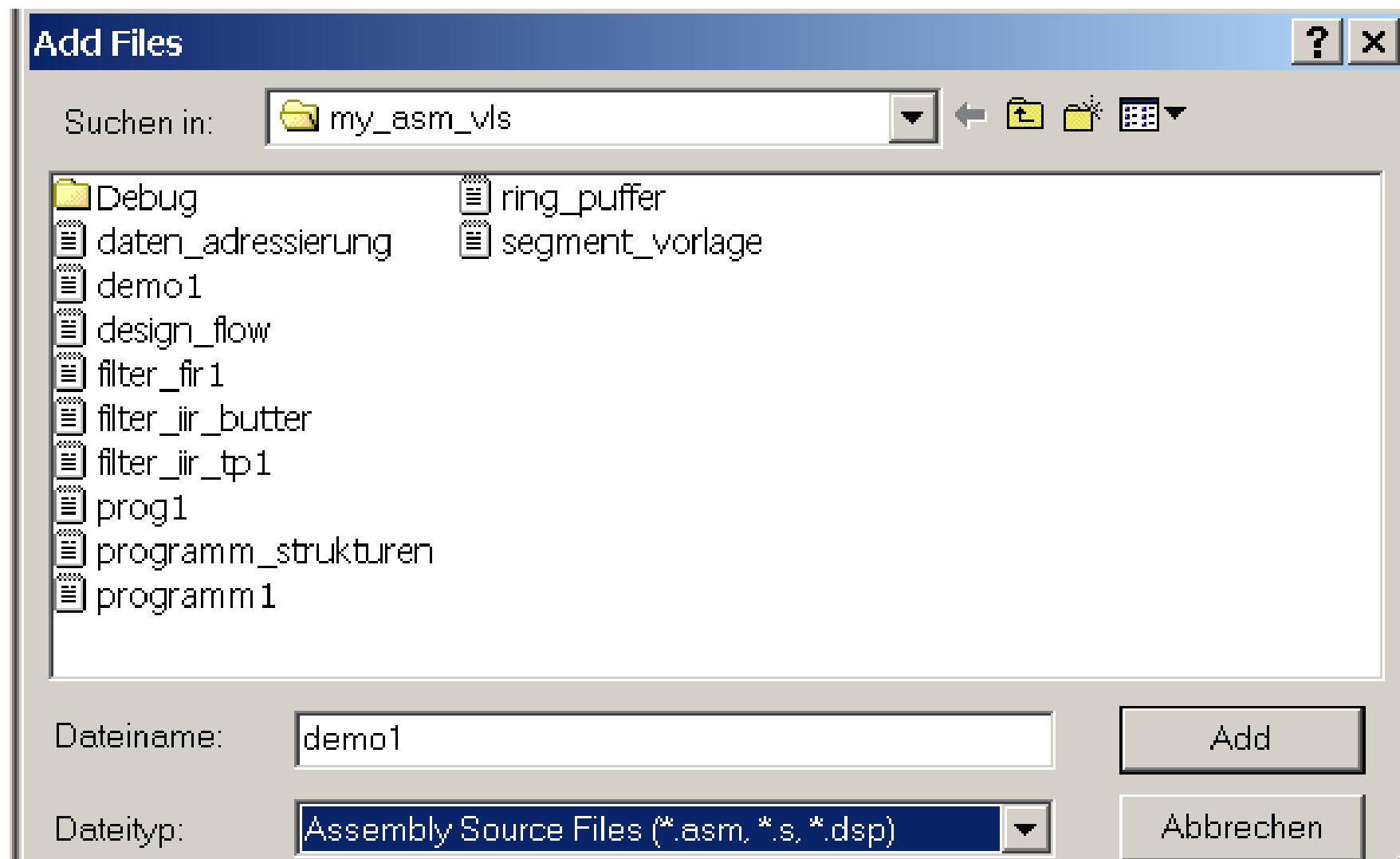
Assemblerfile erzeugen



Assemblerfile erzeugen



Assemblerfile erzeugen



Sections aus Link-File

```
/* 1. Projekt "demo1"  
FUNKTION: Segmente aus Link-File übernehmen*/
```

```
.SECTION /dm seg_dmda;
```

```
.SECTION /pm seg_pmda;
```

```
.SECTION /pm seg_rth;
```

```
.SECTION /pm seg_pmco;
```

Template-File für Sections anlegen

```
/* Programmsegment für den Programmstart */
.SECTION      /pm seg_rth;

.SECTION      /pm seg_init;

/* Programmsegment für das Anwendungsprogramm */
.SECTION      /pm seg_pmco;

/* Datensegment Programmspeicher */
.SECTION      /pm    seg_pmda;

/* Datensegment Datenspeicher */
.SECTION      /dm    seg_dmda;
```

Variablen-deklaration

```
/* Datensegment im Programmspeicher */  
/* Beispiele für Variablendefinition */  
.SECTION      /pm  seg_pmda;  
.VAR          pmint1=1234;  
.VAR          pmint2;  
.VAR          pmfloat1=12.3456;  
.VAR          pmfloat2=0.123e5;  
.VAR          pmfixp1=0x40000000;  
.VAR          pmfixp2=0xC0000000;
```

Variablen-deklaration

```
/* Datensegment Datenspeicher */  
/* Beispiele für Variablendefinition */  
.SECTION /dm  seg_dmda;  
.VAR dmint1=1234;  
.VAR dmint2;  
.VAR dmfloat2=0.123e5;  
.VAR dmfixp1=0x40000000;  
/* Beispiel für die Definition von Vektoren */  
.VAR dmvek1[4];  
.VAR dmvek2[] = 11,22,33,44,55,66,77,88;  
/* Datenvektor mit Hilfe eines Files initialisieren */  
.VAR dmvek3[] = "daten.dat";
```

Variablen-deklaration

```
/* Variablen-deklaration */  
.SECTION /dm seg_dmda;  
.VAR dminput[2]=0,1;  
.VAR dmfloat=1.234e-1;  
.VAR dmvek[6];  
  
.SECTION /pm seg_pmda;  
.VAR pmfloat = -1.234e2;  
.VAR pmvek[6]=1,2,3,4,5,6;
```

Variabledeclaration

```
.VAR buf1=0x1234, buf2=0x5678, ...;  
    // Define two initialized buffers  
.VAR buf2=0x1234, 0x5678, ...;  
    // Define two initialized words  
.VAR samples[] = {10, 11, 12, 13, 14};  
    // Declare and initialize an implicit-length buffer  
    // since there are five values; this has the same  
    effect  
    // as samples[5].  
    // Initialization values for implicit-size buffer must be  
    // in curly brackets.
```

Variabledeclaration

```
.VAR Ins, Outs, Remains;  
    // Declare three uninitialized variables  
.VAR samples[100] = "inits.dat";  
    // Declare a 100-location buffer and initialize it  
    // with the contents of the inits.dat file;  
.VAR taps=100;  
    // Declare a variable and initialize the variable  
    // to 100  
.VAR twiddles[10] = "phase.dat";  
    // Declare a 10-location buffer and load the buffer  
    // with the contents of the phase.dat file
```

1. Programm

```
/* Section beginnt bei 0x20000
   PC steht nach RESET auf 0x20005
*/
.SECTION /pm seg_rth;
    nop;
    nop;
    nop;
    nop;
    nop;
jump start;
```

Variablen-deklaration

```
/* Register mit immediate Adressierung  
beschreiben */  
.SECTION /pm seg_pmco;  
start: R0=1;  
        R1=2;  
        F3=1.234e2;  
        F4=-2.345e-1;  
idle;
```